

Program: BE Information Technology
Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2016
Examination: Third Year Semester V
Course Code: ITC504 and Course Name: Cryptography & Network Security
Time: 1 hour Max. Marks: 50

Note :- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks

| Q. | Question Statement | OPTION A: | OPTION B: | OPTION C: | OPTION D: |
|----|---|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Which is a passive attack ? | Traffic Analysis | Replaying | Denial of Service | Reputation |
| 2 | Provides protection against denial by one of the entities involved in a communication of having participated in all or part of the communication. | Non-repudiation | Confidentiality | Integrity | Availability |
| 3 | An.....algorithm transforms plaintext to ciphertext | Decryption | Encryption | Key | Cipher text |
| 4 | Cryptanalysis is used _____ | to find some insecurity in a cryptographic scheme | to increase the speed | to encrypt the data | to make new ciphers |
| 5 | Hill cipher requires prerequisite knowledge of? | Integration | Differentiation | matrix algebra | Differential equation |
| 6 | In RSA, if $p=17$, $q=11$, then, what is $\phi(n)$? | 189 | 187 | 160 | 161 |
| 7 | In El-Gamal cryptosystem, if $q=19$, $\alpha = 10$, what is the public key? | [19, 10, 3] | [19, 10, 2] | [19,10,5] | [19,3,5] |
| 8 | In the RSA algorithm, we select 2 random large values 'p' and 'q'. Which of the following is the property of 'p' and 'q'? | p and q should be divisible by $\phi(n)$ | p and q should be co-prime | p and q should be prime | p/q should give no remainder |
| 9 | How many keys does the Triple DES algorithm use? | 2 | 3 | 2 or 3 | 3 or 4 |
| 10 |is the process of verifying who a user is, whileis the process of verifying what they have access to. | Authentication, Authorization | Authorization , Access Control | Access Control, Authorization | Authorization, Authentication |

| | | | | | |
|----|---|---|--|--|--|
| 11 | To make revocation very effective, thecertificate revocation list has been introduced. | Alpha | Beta | Delta | Gamma |
| 12 | is Hash Function Properties which measures how difficult to devise a message which hashes to the known digest and its message | duplication | Second preimage resistant | Collision resistant | Preimage resistant |
| 13 | For SHA-1: if the user needs to seek out the 2 messages having identical message digest then user would need to perform..... | 2^{80} operations | 2^{60} operations | 2^{70} operations | 2^{50} operations |
| 14 | In the MD5 the message is divided into blocks of sizebits for the hash computing | 256 | 512 | 1024 | 160 |
| 15 | Define Non-Repudiation | It means that sender and receiver expect privacy | It means that the data received at the receiver is exactly same as sent. | It means that a sender must not be able to deny sending a message that he sent | It means that the receiver is ensured that the message is coming from the intended sender, not an imposter. |
| 16 | In El Gamal cryptosystem, given the prime $p=31$. Choose e_1 = first primitive root of p and $d=10$, calculate e_2 | 24 | 36 | 25 | 62 |
| 17 | Digital signature certification is needed by an independent authority because | private key claimed by a sender may not be actually his | it is safe | it gives confidence to a business | the authority checks and assures customers that the public key indeed belongs to the business which claims its ownership |
| 18 | In which attack the user gets redirects queries to a DNS because of override of system's TCP/IP settings? | DNS mal-functioning | DNS cracking | DNS redirecting | DNS hijacking |

| | | | | | |
|----|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 19 | How can an attacker get the information of all the services running on the target system? | Packet Sniffing | ARP spoofing | port scanning | IP spoofing |
| 20 | Which is not a type of port scanning technique | TCP scan | SYN scan | Idle Scan | Rapid Scan |
| 21 | What is the main advantage of honeypot | Improves security | not good in terms of security | easy implementation | A honeypot once attacked can be used to attack other systems. |
| 22 | Which of them is not a step in reconnaissance? | Check for live systems | Check for open ports | Identifying the malware in the system | Identifying of services |
| 23 | Three headed dog of identity is known as | X.509 | IPSec | Public-key infrastructure | Kerberos |
| 24 | Kerberos consists of__ | Authorization Server | Client Server | Authentication server | Mail server |
| 25 | Which is not a Header Fields defined in MIME | Content-Log | Content-Type | Content-Transfer-Encoding | Content-Description |